

BLOODSHED OVER IF CARRANZA CAN CARRY OUT PLANS

Main Object to Negotiate
for Constitutionalists to
Enter Mexico City.

SURRENDER OF FEDERALS MUST BE UNCONDITIONAL

Terms May Be Arranged Direct
or Through South American
Envoys.

NO COMPROMISE BY REBELS

Preparing to Send Troops to Capital
City to Preserve Order
If Necessary.

Monterrey, July 16.—Fighting and bloodshed is over in Mexico, if the plans announced here to-day by General Venustiano Carranza, chief of the Constitutional army, go into effect. General Carranza declared his main object would be to conduct negotiations for Constitutionalists to enter Mexico City and establish their government without further disorder, shedding of blood or damage to property.

How these negotiations would be arranged, Carranza declared he had not yet determined. He was unable to say at this time whether they would be conducted through the Argentine, Brazil and Chile mediators or direct with the Federals.

MUST BE OBTAINED

AT WHATEVER COST
Unconditional surrender, however, will be the only terms on which these conditions will be successful.

Carranza made this plain to newspaper men who talked with him to-day. He declared that the reforms for which the Constitutionalists fought must be obtained at whatever cost.

The resignation of General Huerta and the substitution of Carranza in himself will not cause the Constitutionalists to compromise, on a single point, the principles upon which the movement was founded, declared Carranza.

If the government machinery through which those ends may be obtained is not surrendered voluntarily by the party of Huerta, they would be obtained by force.

TO HANDLE SITUATION

Because of the effort to make the installation of the Constitutional government a peaceful one, Carranza said it probably would be a month before he entered Mexico City.

He stated that he did not believe that Carranza was strong enough to handle effectively the reins of power, if he left the republic for the island of Curacao, as was reported here to-day.

Carranza said he thought Carrabal or any man in civil life would find the situation most difficult, and expected that the new President would open negotiations with Mexico City. Telegraph service with Mexico City would be resumed at once, he announced.

RESIGNATION RECEIVED

QUETLY BY POPULACE
Mexico City, July 16.—The long-expected resignation of General Huerta as President of Mexico, presented to Congress late yesterday, and the succession to the presidency of Francisco Carrabal, have been received quietly by the capital.

There were a few shouts in the streets of "Down with Huerta" and "Viva Carranza," but the police promptly intervened, stopping all such demonstrations.

General Huerta remained in the capital some hours after his resignation, was in flight to-day, probably on his way to Puerto Mexico, to join his family and friends, who left for that port at day earlier.

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COMMITTEE TO CONFIR

WITH REBEL LEADERS
A significant incident in connection with the resignation of General Huerta was the announcement that a special committee had left the capital last night for Chihuahua to arrange with the Constitutional leaders for a peaceful entry into the city.

The committee consisted of Jesus Urzua, Jose Inez Novels and Enrique Bordes Manuel, former members of the Chamber of Deputies. Huerta's resignation, sent late last night, was accepted by the Senators and the Deputies, after a brief debate, by a vote of 121 to 17. After the acceptance of the resignation, the Provisional President immediately took the oath of office at the joint session of the Senators and Deputies two hours later.

All the newspapers issued extras on the day's events. El Pais, which was suppressed by the government two months ago, reappeared last night.

The fact that Carrabal is a civilian has contributed to winning for him the sympathies of the Mexican people, who appear to have become tired of a military dictatorship.

COMPLETE QUIET
Although almost all the troops of the garrison of Mexico City left with Huerta and the members of his family.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)
RARE VACATION OPPORTUNITY.
Asheville and Western North Carolina, 3500
round trip, July 21, Southern Railway. Phone
Madison 272.

FOUR ARE KILLED AND SCORES HURT

Cars Carrying Ocean View Ex-
cursionists Collide With Train
on Virginian Railway.

ACCIDENT NEAR NORFOLK

Only One of Dead Had Been
Identified at Early Hour
This Morning.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Norfolk, Va., July 17.—Four people were killed and scores injured in a collision between an electric train of the Virginia Railway and Power Company and a coal train on the Virginian Railroad at 12:30 o'clock this morning at Fairmont crossing, about three miles from Norfolk.

Only one of the dead was identified. In a hat found beside a body was the name of Samuel K. Cuthrell.

The electric train, loaded with men and women, left Ocean View at midnight, and would have arrived in Norfolk at 12:45 o'clock.

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RAPID PROGRESS IN ORGANIZATION

Several Candidates Assured of
Election as Directors of Fed-
eral Reserve Banks.

RICHMOND LIST ADOPTED

Administration Senators Work
Strenuously in Behalf of Con-
firmation of Jones.

Washington, July 16.—Rapid progress in the organization of the boards of directors of the twelve Federal reserve banks in the nation's new currency system was indicated to-night in the Organization Committee's announcement of names of several candidates whose elections have been assured.

District No. 5, with headquarters at Richmond, has elected the Class A and three Class B directors, and all that remains to complete the board in that district is the naming by the Federal Reserve Board of the three Class C directors.

Districts 4, at Cleveland; 6, in Atlanta, and 12, at San Francisco, are the only ones in which one or more directors have not been chosen.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS
IN RICHMOND CENTRE
The election of the following directors in District No. 5, with Richmond as the Federal reserve centre, is assured.

"Class A," Waldo Newcomer, Baltimore; John P. Bruton, Wilkes, N. C., and Edward Mann, Bluefield, W. Va. "Class B," George J. Seay, Richmond; Dr. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., and J. F. Oyster, Washington.

Under the Federal reserve act, the electors of the various groups in the twelve districts vote their first, second and third choices for directors. The list in District No. 5, adopted by the Organization Committee to-night, comprised candidates who have received the first choice votes of more than majority of the member banks in their group.

DIRECTORS ELECTED
IN OTHER DISTRICTS
The organization committee to-day gave out the following list of bankers who have already been elected Federal reserve bank directors in the several districts other than the Richmond center.

District 1, Boston—Class A, Group 1, Thomas P. Beall, Boston.

District 2, New York—Class A, Group 1, William Woodward, New York.

District 3, St. Louis—Class A, Group 1, Walker Hill, St. Louis.

District 4, Cleveland—Class A, Group 1, Murray Carlton, St. Louis.

District 5, Minneapolis—Class A, Group 1, E. W. Dicker, Minneapolis.

District 6, Atlanta—Class A, Group 1, F. H. Bigelow, St. Paul.

District 7, Chicago—Class A, Group 1, George M. Reynolds, Chicago.

District 8, St. Louis—Class A, Group 1, Walker Hill, St. Louis.

District 9, Kansas City—Class A, Group 1, Gordon Jones, Denver.

District 10, M. L. McClure, Kansas City.

District 11, Dallas, Texas—Class A, Group 1, Oscar Wells, Houston.

District 12, San Francisco, none yet selected.

WORKING HARD TO GET
SUPPORT FOR JONES
Administration Senators to-day confirmed the nomination of Thomas D. Jones, as a member of the Federal Reserve Board, worked strenuously to-day to bring into line some of their Democratic colleagues who oppose the President's nominee.

To-night some of those who have been most active were more hopeful than they were yesterday, and one Senator asserted definitely that Mr. Jones would be confirmed by a majority of two votes. Opposition leaders still insisted, however, that the Banking Committee's adverse report would be adopted.

As the outcome, it was made virtually certain there would be no vote for several days, administration Senators being determined to hold the vote off while they endeavor to win over support.

HITCHCOCK IS READY
FOR VOTE ANY TIME
Senator Hitchcock, acting chairman of the Banking Committee, who leads the opponents of Mr. Jones, said he was ready for a vote at any time.

The nomination of Paul M. Warburg still rests in committee. Mr. Warburg, through Representative Oglesby, of New York, is said to have assured the Banking Committee his refusal to appear before the committee resulted from a misunderstanding as to why he was asked to appear. Plans are said to be working whereby the case may be adjusted so the committee may proceed with its investigation.

Publication of the majority report in the Jones case was deferred again to-day, because the report of the minority to the President, which confirmation was not ready. It will be completed to-morrow.

BURLESON ENDEAVORS
TO PERSUADE SENATORS
During the day Postmaster-General Burleson, one of the political lieutenants of the President, spent a couple of hours in the private room of Senator Culberson, from which he sent for Senators known to be opposed to Jones, and endeavored to get them into line. Several more Senators were summoned to the White House to-day, and at both ends of the avenue the pressure was being exerted to persuade Senators to support Jones.

It is reported at the Capitol that the President has cabled for Senators Owen and Fletcher to return from Europe. The former is chairman of the Banking Committee, and his absence at this critical juncture has angered the President. Fletcher, it is said, is to be appointed as an addi-

(Continued on Third Page.)

WINNERS IN BOARD PRIMARY



CARLTON MCCARTHY.

BRYAN TAKES STAND FOR WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

Announces Intention of Supporting
Proposed Constitutional Amend-
ment in Nebraska.

Issues Formal Statement
Declares He Would Ask No Political
Rights for Himself That He Is Not
Willing to Grant His Wife—States
Reasons for Belief He Holds.

Washington, July 16.—Secretary Bryan, in a formal statement issued to-night, came out for woman's suffrage. He declared that he would ask no political rights for himself that he is not willing to grant his wife and announced his intention of supporting the proposed State Constitutional amendment extending the franchise to women, to be voted upon in Nebraska next November.

Woman, Mr. Bryan said, had proved herself equal to every responsibility imposed upon her, and would not fall short in this emergency. Above all other arguments in favor of giving her the ballot he placed the right of the mother to a voice in the moulding of the environment of her children.

"I have delayed partly because I have claimed the right to state my own opinion on this subject, and partly because my time has been occupied with national questions upon which the issue is presented to me by the State. I take my position. I shall support the amendment. I shall ask no political rights for myself that I am not willing to grant to my wife. As man and woman are co-equals of the earth, and must work out their destiny together, the presumption is on the side of equality of treatment in all that pertains to their joint life and its opportunities. The burden of proof is on those who claim for one an advantage over the other in determining the conditions under which both shall live. This claim has not been established in the matter of suffrage. On the contrary, the objections raised to woman's suffrage appear to me to be invalid, while the arguments advanced in support of the proposition are, in my judgment, convincing.

"The first objection which I remember to have heard was that as woman cannot bear arms, she should not have a voice in deciding questions that might lead to war, or in enacting laws that might require an army for their enforcement. This argument, I believe, offered now, for the reason that as civilization advances, laws are obeyed because they are an expression of the public opinion, which both men and women have power and lead behind them. And as we look back over the past, we may well wonder whether the peace movement would not have grown more rapidly than it has, had woman, who suffers more than man from the results of war, been consulted before hostilities began.

OF WOMAN'S EXISTENCE
"Second, it is urged by some that woman's life is already full of care, and that the addition of suffrage would either overburden her or turn her attention away from the duties of her home. The answer made to this is that the exercise of the franchise might result in a change of thought and occupation that would relieve the monotony of woman's work, and give restful variety to her activities. And surely the home will not suffer if the mother, the child's first teacher, is able to intelligently discuss with her

(Continued on Second Page.)

FOUR FATALLY INJURED IN AUTOMOBILE CRASH

Six Members of Valuation Corps of
Norfolk and Western Railway
Are Victims of Collision.

Accident Happens Near Luray
They Are Rushed in Special Train
to Roanoke, Where, It Is Said,
Four Will Die—Had Been on Tour
of Road.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Luray, Va., July 16.—Six members of the valuation corps of the Norfolk and Western Railway, a roadmaster and an automobilist were injured at 6:30 to-night, when a motor car, on which they were riding, struck an automobile at a road crossing, one mile north of here. The injured are:

Mr. G. Henderson, Lynchburg, Va. Mr. F. Osborne, Roanoke, Va. Mr. E. Garrett, Roanoke, Va. Mr. W. W. Dickinson, Marion, Va. Mr. C. Wall, Huntington, W. Va. Mr. F. Genheimer, Wheelersburg, Ohio.

H. T. Reinicker, roadmaster, Norfolk and Western, Shenandoah, Va. Walter Strickler, Luray, Va.

The injured were taken to Roanoke in a special train. Four of them, it is said, will die. The men had been on a tour of valuation of the road's property and were returning here for the night.

TRIAL OF MRS. WAKEFIELD
Woman Is Charged With Murder of
Her Husband.

New Haven, Conn., July 16.—The neighbors of the families of James Plew and William O. Wakefield, both of whom were employed on a farm in Middlebury, were described to-day as the second trial of Mrs. Bessie J. Wakefield, charged with the murder of her husband in June of last March for the actual killing of Wakefield.

On cross-examination Wheeler explained that Mrs. Wakefield's reason for striking her husband was that she thought that "Wakefield was not the nearest man in the world."

MAY REACH \$45,000,000
Total Liabilities of H. B. Claffin Co.
at Least \$40,000,000.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
New York, July 16.—Figures obtained from authoritative sources to-day show that the liabilities of the H. B. Claffin Company are at least \$40,000,000, and that they may reach \$45,000,000.

The \$40,000,000 liabilities are made up as follows:
Total indebtedness of the retail stores, \$30,000,000, in addition to the Claffin notes, which amount to \$21,000,000. The indebtedness of the H. B. Claffin Company on merchandise is \$1,000,000, and there are \$8,000,000 due depositors on what the attorney for one of these depositors asserts John Claffin accepted in his banking business.

CONTINUE FIGHT ON PLAGUE
Campaign to Be Intensified in Three
Designated Districts.

New Orleans, July 16.—After a brief educational crusade consisting of addresses at public meetings, ranging from church societies to large commercial bodies, Federal health authorities in charge of bubonic plague eradication work here, to-day announced that the clean-up and rat extermination campaign would be intensified in three especially designated districts.

Announcement of the finding of three rats with plague infection was not regarded as surprising by Federal health authorities. They stated that they had expected to make such discoveries, and that the number found was small when it was considered that more than 5,000 rats had been bacteriologically examined.

M'CARTHY AND HIRSCHBERG WIN IN BOARD RACE

Hobson Carries Lee Ward,
but Fails in Jefferson
and Madison.

RESULTS OF ELECTION ARE PROMPTLY KNOWN

Hirschberg Owes Nomination to
Unflinching Loyalty of
Jefferson Ward.

CITY EMPLOYEES WORK AT POLLS
Parkkeepers and Others Are Active
in Efforts to Retain
Incumbents.

Official Results
of Board Primary
Total Vote Cast, 8,564.

CARLTON MCCARTHY..... 5,765
JOHN HIRSCHBERG..... 4,801

Graham B. Hobson..... 4,293
John Mann, Jr..... 1,068
John D. Blair..... 870

Carlton McCarthy and John Hirschberg were nominated as members of the Administrative Board for new four-year terms beginning January 1, 1915. Their nominations were approved by a majority of the voters in the general election held on November 3.

In the parlance of the turf the favorites won, and there were no marked surprises. Perhaps the nearest approach to a surprise was the strength developed by Captain McCarthy, who led the ticket with a total of 5,765 votes, topping his colleague, Mr. Hirschberg, by 864 votes. Until within the last 200 votes, it was generally conceded that Mr. Hirschberg would lead the ticket, and his failure to do so was one of the interesting developments of the election.

The Hobson-Blair ticket, which during the closing days of the campaign, promised to carry him through a winner, did not develop sufficient strength. Lee Ward alone gave Mr. Hobson a larger vote than the winners, and then, on the narrow margins, he won second place in Clay, and finished third in Jefferson and Madison.

HIRSCHBERG OWES ELECTION
TO JEFFERSON WARD
Mr. Hirschberg owes his election to the unflinching loyalty of Jefferson Ward, his home district. The total vote outside this ward returned Hobson a winner over Hirschberg by a majority of 286 votes. Jefferson, however, piled up a total of 1,740 for its favorite son, wiping out the lead given Hobson by the rest of the city and leaving a comfortable majority of 503 besides.

Candidates Mann and Blair finished far in the rear, fulfilling in this respect the predictions of the forecasters. Mr. Mann, who polled a total of 1,068 votes, finished 3,225 behind Mr. Hobson, while John D. Blair brought up the rear with 870 votes, 138 behind his nearest rival.

The election was marked by dispatch and was unmarred by roughness or irregularity. Within thirty minutes after close of the polls, the Third Precinct of Madison Ward reported to the Times-Dispatch, showing that Mr. Hirschberg and John Hirschberg had been elected, and that Mr. Hobson was to be the leader in the order named. When the Fourth Precinct of Clay Ward, the last to report, turned in its tally at 10 o'clock, the leaders were in exactly the same position given them by the Third Madison at 7:55 o'clock—one of the remarkable circumstances of the primary.

ELECTION RESULTS
WERE KNOWN PROMPTLY
Within an hour after the close of the polls the election was no longer in doubt. Bulletins were posted at 8:15 o'clock.

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COMPLETE OFFICIAL RETURNS OF ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD PRIMARY

CLAY WARD.	
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